

1. (17 pts) A sphere of radius R carries a charge density $\rho(r) = Ar^2$, where A is a constant.

- Determine the electric field as a function of r inside and outside the sphere.
- Determine the electric potential as a function of r inside and outside the sphere.
- Determine the energy stored in the charge distribution, *i.e.*, the work done to assemble the spherical charge distribution.

2. (17 pts) A neutral (or grounded) metal sphere of radius R is placed in an otherwise uniform electric field given by $\vec{E} = E_0\hat{z}$.

- Determine the electric potential inside and outside the metal sphere.
- Determine the induced surface charge density on the metal sphere.
- How would the electric potential inside and outside the metal sphere change if the sphere initially had a charge of Q on it?
- What would the surface charge density be if the sphere initially had a charge of Q on it?

3. (17 pts) Consider a metal sphere, radius a , surrounded by a concentric metal spherical shell of radius c . The space between a and b is filled with material of dielectric constant ϵ_r and the space between b and c is air ($a < b < c$). Assume there is a charge q at $r = a$ and $-q$ at $r = c$.

- Determine the displacement \vec{D} and the electric field \vec{E} in all four regions, *i.e.*, $r < a$, $a < r < b$, $b < r < c$, and $r > c$.
- Find the capacitance of this spherical capacitor.

4. (17 pts) A current I flows down a wire of radius a . The volume current density J is given as $J = Cs^2$.

- Determine the constant C .
- Determine the magnetic field inside and outside the wire.

5. (17 pts) a) Find the vector potential a distance s from an infinite straight wire carrying a current I .

b) Check that your vector potential satisfies the Coulomb gauge, *i.e.*, that $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = 0$.

6.(17 pts) A spherical shell of radius R , carrying a uniform surface charge σ , is rotating at a constant angular velocity ω , which is pointing in the z direction.

a) Determine its magnetic moment.

b) What is the magnetic field \vec{B} in the xy -plane at a distance r from the center of the sphere if $r \gg R$?