#### Light

#### Electromagnetic wave with wave-like nature

- Refraction
- Interference
- Diffraction

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- Interference
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#### Photons with particle-like nature

- Momentum
- Quantization
- Scattering

#### Geometric Optics

## Study of light propagation using ray diagrams and related calculations

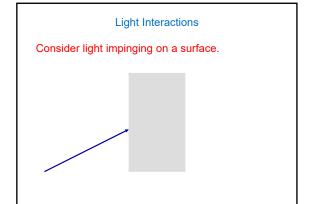
Diagrams and calculations are consistent with more rigorous calculations derived from solving Maxwell's equations in the presence of various media.

(i.e. light reflecting off a mirror, light passing through a window or light being absorbed by a wall.)

#### **Light Interactions**

Light travels in a straight line in a vacuum with speed, c. (Approximately true for light in air.)

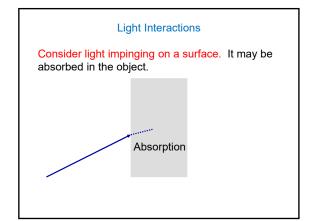
Path of light represented by a ray.

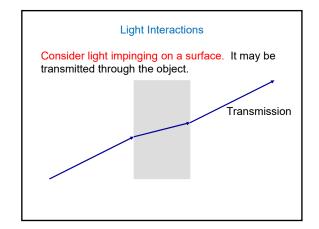


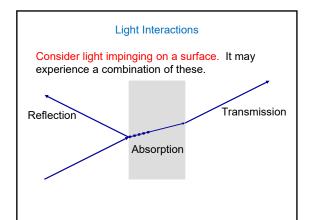
# Light Interactions

Consider light impinging on a surface. It may reflect off the surface.

Reflection



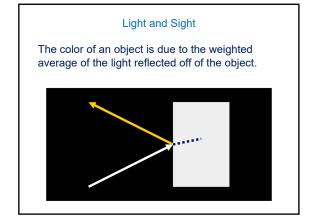


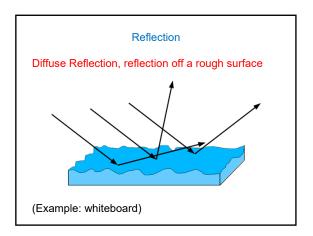


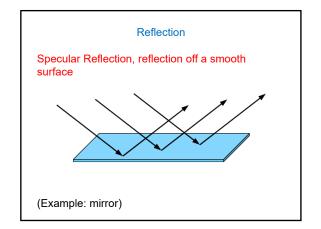
### Light and Sight

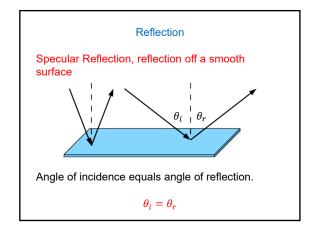
- Light of many colors (white) shines on objects.
- Some light is reflected off the objects.
- Light coming to our eyes is transmitted through our lenses.
- Light is absorbed in the back of our eyes.

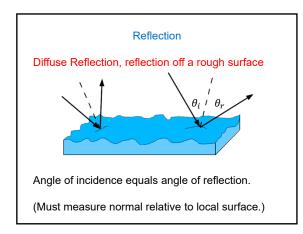
The color of an object is due to the weighted average of the light reflected off of the object.

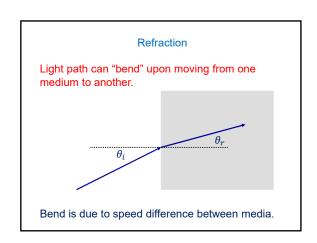


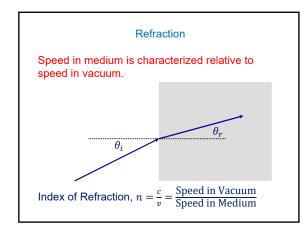


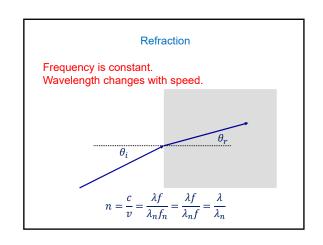


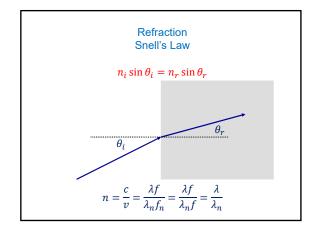


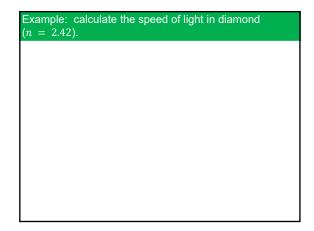




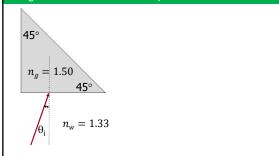




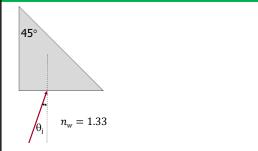


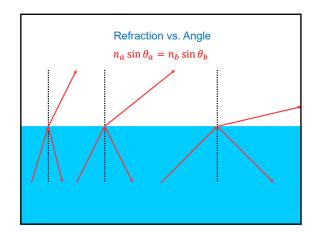


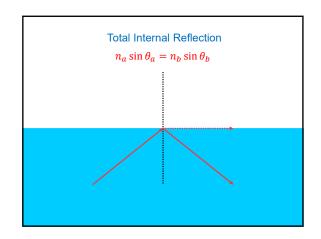
Example: a  $45^{\circ} - 45^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$  glass (n = 1.50) prism is surrounded by water (n = 1.33). Light is incident at a 23° angle, as shown in the diagram. What angle does the light make when it exits the prism?

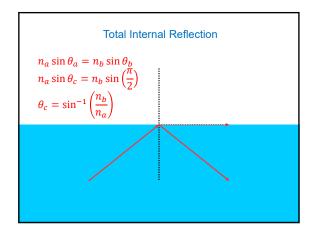


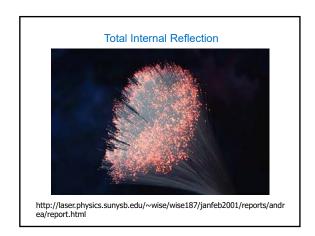
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Example: determine the incident angle  $\theta_0$  for which light strikes the inner surface of a fiber optic cable at the critical angle.  $\frac{\theta_c}{\theta_0} \qquad n_f > 1$   $n_a = 1$ 

Example: determine the incident angle  $\theta_0$  for which light strikes the inner surface of a fiber optic cable at the critical angle. Let  $n_f=1.4$ .  $\theta_c$   $\theta_c$   $n_f>1$   $n_a=1$ 

