Erratum to: "Existence of Solutions to Some Classes of Partial Fractional Differential Equations"

Toka Diagana Howard University Department of Mathematics Washington, DC 20059 tdiagana@howard.edu

Abstract

While the main result in Diagana [1] still holds when A is a bounded operator on \mathbb{X} , this is no longer the case when A is unbounded on \mathbb{X} .

AMS Subject Classifications: 34G10, 34K05, 34A12, 34A40. **Keywords:** Fractional derivative, fractional differential equation.

First of all, let us notice that the extrapolation operator A_{-1} considered in Diagana [1] is bounded from \mathbb{X}_{-1} into itself if and only if A is a bounded linear operator on the Banach space \mathbb{X} . It is also clear that the proof of the main result in [1], that is, [1, Theorem 3.2] is valid only if A_{-1} is bounded from \mathbb{X}_{-1} into itself. We therefore deduce that [1, Theorem 3.2] holds only if A is a bounded linear operator on \mathbb{X} (and hence B and C, too.) In that case, the example given there is worthless unless the domain of $A = \Delta$ is taken to be the whole space $C(\overline{\Omega})$.

Acknowledgments

The author would like to express his thanks to Prof. Jin Liang for pointing out the error that occurred in the proof of [1, Theorem 3.2].

Received July 11, 2009; Accepted July 12, 2009 Communicated by Martin Bohner

References

[1] Toka Diagana. Existence of solutions to some classes of partial fractional differential equations. *Nonlinear Anal.*, 71(11):5296–5300, 2009.

196